THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS AND THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI M.M. JACOB): (a) and (b) Government is fully alive to the situation created by the terrorist elements in some parts of the country and is determined to ensure that a durable climate of peace, stability and progress prevails throughout the country. The direct responsibility for dealing with the terrorist activities lies with the State Governments. The Central Government however, assists the State Government to the extent possible by extending help in the form of funds, para-military forces, improved weapons and other equipments. The Central Government have also enacted anti-terrorist legislation and monitors its implementation by the State Governments. The Central Govt. have also taken steps to coordinate the anti-terrorist measures of different States, for dealing with external assistance to the terrorist elements and for generating mass awareness against terrorist activities.

(c) and (d) A bomb exploded in a DTC bus at Mall Road, Delhi on 29.1.1992 in which one person was killed and 32 injured. A case under F.I.R. 27 dated 29.1.1992 has been registered. As regards payment of compensation, information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House.

उत्तर प्रदेश में साम्प्रदायिक दंगे

2132. **श्री सत्य प्रकाश मालवीय:** क्या गृह मंत्री 4 मार्च, 1992 को राज्य सभा में अतारांकित प्रश्न 1051 के दिये गये उत्तर को देखेंगे और यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि 21 जून, 1991 से आज तक उत्तर प्रदेश में कितने साम्प्रदायिक दंगे हुये है और ऐसी घटनाएं कहां-कहां हुई है और ऐसी प्रत्येक घटना में कितने व्यक्ति मारे गये?

संसदीय कार्य मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री और गृह मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री एम० एम० जैकब): उपलब्ध सूचना के आधार पर, उत्तर प्रदेश में 21 जून, 1991 से आज तक की अवधि के दौरान हुये प्रमुख साम्प्रदायिक दंगों के ब्यौरे निम्न प्रकार हैं:—

तारीख सहित स्थान का नाम	मारे गये व्यक्तियों की संख्या
वाराणसी (नवम्बर 8-15, 1991)	17
हापुड़ (जिला-गाजियाबाद) (फरवरी 11-14, 1992)	9

Demand for dual Citizenship

@2133. SHRI RAMDAS AGARWAL:
MISS SAROJ KHAPARDE:
SHRI M. VINCENT:
SHRI PRABHAKAR B. KORE:

Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government of India are aware of the mounting demand among Indians abroad, especially those in the United Kingdom, for grant of dual citizenship to them;

(b) whether Government have received any proposals from the Indian Workers Association (IWA) in London who had also met the High Commissioner for India in U.K. in this regard; and

(c) if so, what are the details thereof and by when Government propose to bring forward the suitable legislation in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS AND THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI M.M. JACOB): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c) There is a demand for dual citizenship from Indian passport holders and persons of Indian origin or resident in U.K. without loss of their existing citizenship. However, the concept of dual citizenship is not consistent with the Constitution of India and the Citizenship Act, 1955.

@Previously Unstarred Question 1673, transferred from the 9th March, 1992.